Z-SG Strain Gauge Converter

General Description

Module Z-SG is a strain gauge signal converter. Measurements taken using the 6-wires or 4-wires technique are available through Modbus-RTU serial protocol or the analog output. The module is also characterised by:

- Facilitated power supply and serial bus wiring by means of the bus housed in the DIN rail
- Communication configurability by DIP-switch or software.
- RS485 serial communication with MODBUS RTU protocol, maximum 32 nodes.
- · Protection against ESD discharge up to 4 kV.
- Input insulation: 1500 Vac compared to all the other circuits.
- · Insulation between communication and power supply: 1500 Vac.
- Insulation between analog output and power supply: 1500 Vac. Analog output in voltage or current, with settable limits.
- Strain gauge calibration with standard weight.
- Strain gauge calibration not required if the sensitivity of the strain gauge is known.
- Configurable digital I/O.
- Rejection at 50 and 60Hz.
- Configurable Resolution.
- Sampling frequency settable from 12,53 Hz to 151,71 Hz.
- Stable weight indication via Modbus register/digital output.
- Remote writing of the tare in volatile and/or non-volatile memory by digital input/Modbus register/Modbus commands.
- Strain gauge directly powered by instrument
- Ratiometric measurement.
- Sensitivity from ±1 to ±64 mV/V, settable by DIP-switch for integer values, via software
- for real/integer values. Alarm generated when programmable threshold is exceeded.
- · Measurement stabilisation through the calculation of the moving average value of a programmable number of samplings

Complete configurability by Z-NET3 software

Technical Specifications	
Power supply : Consumption :	1040 Vdc or 1928 Vac (5060 Hz) max 2.0 W
Communication Ports : Protocol :	-RS485, 2400115200 Baud. -RS232, 2400 Baud, Address: 01, Parity: NO, Data: 8 bits, Stop bits: 1. MODBUS-RTU
Analog Input	
Input Type : Full scale : Error :	6-wires or 4-wires differential measurement input. $\pm 5 \text{ mV} \dots \pm 320 \text{ mV}$ Calibration : 0,01 % of the full scale value. Linearity : 0,01 % of the full scale value. Thermal Stability : 0.0025 % / ² C of the full scale value.

MI001204-E

1500 Vac respect to the remaining circuits

ENGLISH - 1/16

ENGLISH - 2/16

SENECA

SENECA

Insulation

Strain gauge characteristics	
Power supply voltage :	5 Vdc
Minimum impedance :	87 Ω equivalent (derived from several strain gauges connected in parallel).
Sensitivity :	From $\pm 1 \text{ mV/V}$ to $\pm 64 \text{ mV/V}$.
Terminals :	4 or 6.
Analog Output	
Output Voltage :	010 Vdc, 05 Vdc, minimum load resistance : 2 kΩ.
Output Current :	020 mA, 420 mA, maximum load resistance : 500 g
Transmission error :	0,1% (max.range).
Response time (10%90%) :	5 ms.
Digital Input or Output (as alt	ernative)
Optoisolated digital Input :	Max Voltage : 30 V.
Optoisolated digital Output :	Max Current : 50 mA, Max Voltage : 30 V.
Other Features	
ADC :	24 bit.
Thermal drift :	25 ppm/K.
Sampling frequency :	settable from 12,53 Hz to 151,71 Hz.
Interference rejection :	settable at either 50 Hz or 60 Hz.
Insulation voltage :	1500 Vac between the measurement input and all th other circuits.
	1500 Vac between power supply and communication
	1500 Vac between power supply and analog output.
Protection :	IP20
Environmental conditions :	Temperature -10+65 °C.
	Humidity 3090 % non-condensing.
	Altitude: up to 2000 m a.s.l.
Storage temperature :	-20+85 °C
Signalling by LED :	Power supply, calibration, RS485 communication.
Connections :	-Removable 3-way screw terminals, 5,08 mm pitch. -Rear IDC10 connector for DIN rail
	-Rear IDC to connector for Divisial. -3.5 mm stereophonic front jack for RS232 (COM
	connection.

Lateral button for strain gauge calibration PBT, black Box . 100 x 112 x 17,5 mm, 140 g. Dimensions and weight Reference standards EN61000-6-4/2002 (electromagnetic emission, industrial environment) EN61000-6-2/2005 (electromagnetic immunity, industrial environment) EN61010-1/2001 (safety). All circuits must be insulated from the other circuits under dangerous voltage with double insulation. The power supply transformer must comply with EN60742: "Insulated transformers and safety transformers"

MI001204-E

MODULE Z-SG CALIBRATION

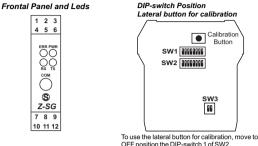
The calibration procedures are illustrated in detail on the appropriate attached addendum. Anyway they are briefly listed below

Calibration Mode 1 The user has at his disposal a PC with Z-NET3 software (release 1.02883 or later, to download from www.seneca.it web site) and a weight of known value. It is not necessary that the known weight is equal to the full scale of the strain gauge or to the full scale of the measurement Calibration Mode 2

The user has at his disposal a PC with Z-NET3 software and a strain gauge with declared consitivity Calibration Mode 3

The user does not have at his disposal a PC but has a weight of known value equal to the full scale of measurement Calibration Mode 4

The user does not have at his disposal a PC and a weight of known value but has only a strain gauge with declared sensitivity.



DESCRIPTION OF OPERATION

The strain gauge's measured value is translated into an analog output signal (current or voltage). The measurement of the input is available through Modbus RTU protocol upon query by RS485 bus and/or RS232 jack. Serial communication parameter settings can be made either by Modbus RTU or DIP-

switch, whereas the settings selectable via SW2 cannot be configured via Modbus (except the sensitivity) The instrument's various functions are described below

A		
A	MI001204-E	ENGLISH - 3/16

Stable Weight Function

SSENEC/

The Stable Weight function informs the user of the precise moment in which weight has stabilised

This information is available via Modbus register (see the Modbus Registers section, Register 40066: STATUS) and can also be signalled by digital output (after previous selection and programming by Modbus). This function is characterised by the two parameters: Δ Weight and Δ Time. The weight is considered stable whenever the net weight in the Δ Time has changed by a quantity lower than Δ Weight.

Digital input/output

The instrument offers the possibility to select either a digital input or a digital output. This selection (input or output) is made only by DIP-switch.

Digital Input: allows to memorize the tare during all the calibration phases and may be used as an alternative to the lateral button.

On the normal functioning it may be used to acquire the temporary tare, which will be lost at the turn off of the module; at the next start up the tare value, acquired on calibration, will be haheol

Digital Output: the output can be configured via Modbus for three different operating modes and switches to ON or OFF status (always according to Modbus setting) whenever 1)The Gross Weight exceeds the Full Scale of the strain gauge (Default Setting). 2)The Weight is stable and the Net Weight exceeds the threshold set. 3)The Weight is stable

Analog Output

The analog output permits the retransmission of the net weight as follows: -If the Net Weight in units of weight < MINOUT, the output relays 0%. - If the Net Weight in units of weight > MAXOUT, the output relays 100% -At intermediate values, the progression is linear. Where MINOUT and MAXOUT in Mode 1 and 2 may be set via MODBUS (The default

values are respectively: 0,00 and 10000,00). Rejection at 50 and 60 Hz

Rejection to interference at both 60 and 50 Hz can be enabled at the same time. See Appendix A for details on setting and optimisation.

Calculation of Measurement Moving Average

The moving average of a settable number of samples (NR_SAMPLINGS: 1 ... 100) can be calculated. In this way, the Net Weight displayed is the calculated moving average value. For Mode 1 and 2, NR_SAMPLINGS may be set via MODBUS (default: 100). Installation rules

The module is designed to be installed in vertical position on a DIN 46277 rail. In order to ensure optimum performance and the longest working life, the module(s) must be supplied adequate ventilation and no raceways or other objects that obstruct the ventilation slots. Never install modules above sources of heat; we recommend installation in the lower part of the control panel

Electric connections RS485 SERIAL PORT AND POWER SUPPLY

The electric connections for power supply can be made by using either the terminals or the bus for the Seneca DIN rail. The RS485 bus connections are available only by using the bus for the DIN rail.

SENECA MI001204-E ENGLISH - 4/16

Power Supply from terminals

2 0 W

There is no insulation between RS485 and the analog output

GND

Τх

following figure, or can be bought as an accessory

The terminals have the following meaning:

8: Strain gauge positive power supply reading

11: Strain gauge negative power supply reading

The use of shield cables is necessary for the electronic connections.

Signal 12

7: Strain gauge positive power supply

10: Strain gauge negative power supply

6 wires measurement

9: Strain gauge positive reading

12: Strain gauge negative reading

2 0 +--- 10 ÷ 40 VDC

3 ¦ 🛇 - 19 ÷ 28 Vac

RS232 SERIAL PORT

ANALOGUE INPUT

7 0+ Excitation

Sens

10 Ø-Excitation

SENECA

Voltage

Output

8 0 + Sense

+ Signal

DB9-F

Bus connector for DIN rail RS485 GND Power Supply AC+ R\$485 A

RS485 B

Connection cable DB9 with a 3.5 mm stereo Jack, can be assembled as indicated in the

The figure below shows the connections to be made for connection to a strain gauge

Power Supply AC-

IDC10

3.5 mm Stereo Jack

GND TX R

4 wires measurement

Signal 12

ENGLISH - 5/16

Excitation

7 Ø-

8 Ø-

Signa

11 0-

MI001204-E

10 O Excitation

In all the following tables, the indication

corresponds to a DIP-switch set in ON; no indication is provided when the DIP-switch is set in OFF. COMMUNICATION SPEED (BAUDRATE) SW1 1 2 9600 Baud 19200 Baud

DIP-SWITCH SETTING

 38400 Baud • 57600 Baud

The settings of the DIP-switches define the module's communication parameters

(address and speed) and other parameters we are going to explain. In order for the setting

modifications made to be confirmed valid, the module must be switched off and on again.

ADDF						
SW1	3	4	5	6	7	8
						Communication Parameters from EEPROM (*)
					-	 Fixed Address: 01
					•	Fixed Address: 02
					•	 Fixed Address: 03
				•		Fixed Address: 04
	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	
	•	•	•	•	•	Fixed Address: 63
DIGIT	Δ	1/	0 :	SE	E	CTION - ENABLING LATERAL BUTTON OF CALIBRATION
SW2			-			
		C)igi	tal	Inp	out. Besides it enables the lateral button of calibration (**).
	•	C)igi	tal	Ou	itput
		_				
OUTF						
SW2	2	3	-			
		_		.10		
		-			v) m	Δ
	-) m	
	-	-	-4.	.20	/ 111	
UTILI	ZE	1	CA	LIE	BR/	ATION MODE (**)
SW2	4	5				
			Μ	od	es	2 and 4 are selected.
		•				1 and 3 are selected.
						e value acquired by the lateral button or digital input is saved on
	•		n	on-	vol	latile memory (for Modes 2 and 4).
	•	•	Μ	an	ual	calibration of the strain gauge (for Modes 1 and 3).
(*) The	e d	efa	ult	со	nfi	guration is the following: Address 1, 38400, no parity, 1 stop bit.
calibra	tio	np	oro		lure	formations consult the Calibration Addendum, containing t es.

				UGE SENSITIVITY
SW2	6	7	8	
				± 1 mV/V
	Г		٠	± 2 mV/V
	Γ	۲		±4 mV/V
		۲	۰	± 8 mV/V
	۲			± 16 mV/V
	۲		۲	± 32 mV/V
	۲	۲		± 64 mV/V
				Sensitivity from MODBUS register SENSE_RATIO (40044).
	•	•	•	Real values (not only integer) may be set too.

RS485 TERMINATOR SW3

Terminator OFF, the SW3-2 is not used.

Terminator ON, the SW3-2 is not used.

PROGRAMMING

The release of Z-NET3 software to be used for product's programming/configuration, must be the 1.0.2883 or later. This software may be downloaded from the web site www.seneca.it.

During initial programming, the EEPROM (SW3 ..8 in OFF position) default setting values originally programmed as follows can be used

Address = 1, SPEED = 38400 baud, PARITY = none, BIT NUMBER = 8, STOP BIT = 1. The module can also be programmed through the front connector (COM) while paying attention to set the following connection parameters

Address = 1. Speed = 2400 Baud, PARITY = none, STOP BIT = 1.

The Com communication port behaves in the same way as the RS485 bus port except for the communication parameters described above. It also has priority over the RS485 serial port and closes after 10 seconds of inactivity.

y	CSQ - <u>IQNet</u> - ISO9001-2000	SENECA s.r.l. Via Germania, 34 - 35127 - Z.l. Tel. +39.049.8705355 - 8705355 e-mail: <u>info@seneca.it - www.se</u>	CAMIN - PADOVA - ITALY 9 - Fax +39.049.8706287 eneca.it
-	SENECA	MI001204-E	ENGLISH - 8/16





INDICATIONS BY LED ON THE FRONTAL PANEL

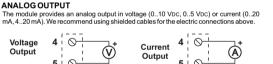
PWR LED (GREEN)	Meaning
Steady	Power supply is present.
ERR LED (YELLOW)	Meaning
Steady/Flashing	Signallings relative to the calibration phases. For further informations see the Calibration Addendum , containing the calibration procedures.
RX LED (RED)	Meaning
Steady	Data are being received through the RS485 communication port.
TX LED (RED)	Meaning
Steady	Data are being transmitted through the RS485 communication port

SERIAL INTERFACE

SSENECA

For detailed information on RS485 serial interface, consult the documentation provided by the website www.seneca.it, in the section Prodotti/Serie Z-PC/MODBUS TUTORIAL.

> MI001204-E ENGLISH - 6/16



There is no insulation between RS485 and the analog output

DIGITAL INPUT/OUTPUT

The module can be set to provide either a digital input or digital output.

Digital Output Load (V) 24 Vdc





MODBUS REGISTERS

Z-SG has MODBUS 16 bits (words) registers, accessible by RS485 or RS232 serial communication. In the next paragraphs, we shall describe the supported MODBUS commands, and the functions of the registers.

Supported MODBUS Commands

Code	Function	Description
03 (*)	Read Holding Registers	Reading of word registers up to 16 at a time.
04 (*)	Read Input Registers	Reading of word registers up to 16 at a time.
06	Write Single Register	Writing of a word register.
16	Write Multiple Registers	Writing of word registers up to 16 at a time.

(*) The two functions have the same effect.

HOLDING REGISTER

The 16-bit Holding Registers have the following structure: Most Least Bit Index Significant bit Significant bit \mathbf{v} s. 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

Word (16 bits): MODBUS Register

The Bit notation [x:y] shown in the table indicates all the bits from x to y. For example, Bit [2:1] indicates bit 2 and bit 1, and illustrates the meaning of the various linked combinations of the values of the two bits. Remember that the MODBUS 3, 4.6 and 16 single and multiple reading and writing functions can be executed on the following registers

The following indication (only readable or also writable) is provided for every register: R: Readable W. Writeshle

REGISTER	Description	ADD.	R/W
MACHINE ID	Bit [15:8]: contain the module's ID: 23 (hexadecimal: 0x17). Bit [7:0]: contain the firmware's revision.	40001	R
FW_CODE	Register that contains the firmware's internal code.	40002	R
HW_REL	Register that contains the instrument's hardware version.	40003	R
ADDR	Register for the setting of the module's address and parity control.	40004	R/W
Bit [15:8]	Set the module's address. Permissible values from 0x00 to 0xFF (decimal values in the range of 0-255). Default address; 1.		
	0-200 J. Deldalt ddd C33. 1.		

Bit [7:0]	Set the type of parity control:		
2.1.[1.10]	00000000 : No parity (NONE) (Default)		
	00000001 : Even parity (EVEN)		
	00000010 : Odd parity (ODD)		
BAUDR	Register for the setting of the Baudrate and	40005	R/W
Ditobit	the response delay time in characters.		
Bit [15:8]	Set the serial communication speed value		
	(Baudrate):		
	00000000 (0x00): 4800 Baud.		
	00000001 (0x01): 9600 Baud.		
	00000010 (0x02): 19200 Baud.		
	00000011 (0x03): 38400 Baud (Default).		
	00000100 (0x04): 57600 Baud.		
	00000101 (0x05):115200 Baud.		
	00000110 (0x06): Not permitted.		
	00000111 (0x07): 2400 Baud.		
Bit [7:0]	Set the response delay time in characters that		
	represents the number of pauses of 6 characters		
	each to be entered between the end of the Rx		
	message and the start of the Tx message.		
	Default value: 0.		
SENSE RATIO _FL_H	Sensitivity of the strain gauge in mV/V	40044	R/W
	(floating point format, most significant word).		
Bit [15:8]	If the DIP-switches: SW2-7/8/9 are all in ON		
	position, the sensitivity of the strain gauge in mV/V		
	is set by this register (floating point format, most		
	significant word).		
SENSE RATIO _FL_L	Sensitivity of the strain gauge in mV/V	40045	R/W
	(floating point format, least significant word).		
FULL SCALE FL H	Full scale of the strain gauge in technical	40046	R/W
	units (floating point format, most significant		
	word).		
Bit [15:8]	If the full scale of the strain gauge is declared		
	(Mode 2: with both SW2-4/5 in OFF position), sets		
	the full scale of the strain gauge in technical units		
	of weight (kg, pounds, etc).		
	Floating point Format, most significant word.		
	Default: 10000,00.		
FULL SCALE _FL_L	Full scale of the strain gauge in technical	40047	R/W
	units (floating point format, least significant		
	units (floating point format, least significant word).		
		40048	R/W
	word).	40048	R/W
	word). Known weight of the strain gauge in technical	40048	R/W
KNOWN WEIGHT_FL_H Bit [15:8]	word). Known weight of the strain gauge in technical units (floating point format, most significant	40048	R/W

MI001204-E

	(Mode 1: SW2-4=OFF and SW2-5=ON), it sets		
	the known weight of the strain gauge in technical units of weight (kg, pounds, etc).		
	Floating point format, most significant word. Default: 10000.00		
KNOWN WEIGHT_FL_L	Known weight of the strain gauge in technical units of weight (floating point format, least significant word).		R/W
MAXOUT_FL_H	Value of the net weight in technical units of weight which corresponds to the maximum value of the analog output (floating point format.most significant word).	40050	R/W
Bit [15:8]	Value of the net weight in technical units of weight which corresponds to the maximum value of the analog output (100%). The value is in floating point format (most significant word) and so it has to be referred to the net weight in floating point format. Default: 1000,00.		
MAXOUT_FL_L	Value of the net weight in technical units of weight which corresponds to the maximum value of the analog output (floating point format, least significant word).	40051	R/W
MINOUT_FL_H	Value of the net weight in technical units of weight which corresponds to the minimum value of the analog output (floating point format, most significant word).		R/W
Bit [15:8]	Value of the net weight in technical units which corresponds to the minimum value of the analog output (0%). The value is in floating point format (most significant word) and so referred to the net weight in floating point format. Default: 0,00.		
MINOUT_FL_L	Value of the net weight in technical units of weight which corresponds to the minimum value of the analog output (floating point format, least significant word).		R/W
THRES_FLOAT_H	Threshold in unit of weight (floating point format, most significant word).	40054	R/W
Bit [15:0]	If the net weight (WEIGHT_FLOAT: 40064-65) exceeds the threshold value set and the weight is stable, the digital output (whenever set in the second operating mode) is closed or opened. Default 0.00.		
			-
THRES_FLOAT_L	Threshold in unit of weight (floating point format, least significant word).	40055	R/W

AWEIGHT FLOAT H Weight variation in technical units accepted 40056 R/W

Bit [15:0]

ATIME

Bit 15

Bit 7

Bit [14:8]

Bit [6:0]

SSENECA

Bit [15:0]

and sampling frequency. The value of this register sets the sampling		
frequency and the characteristics interference rejection. <i>Appendix A</i> provides the values of these parameters according to the value set in this register. Default value: 82 (0x0052), corresponding to the Sampling Frequency: 49,95 Hz, Rejection at 50 Hz and 60 Hz: Enabled.		
E Sets the number of samplings of the ADC	40061	R/W
Used Tare value (only for Modes 2 and 4): 0: the value of the tare had not never been written on the memory: at the start up the factory value will be loaded. 1: the value of the tare had been written at least once on the memory: at the start the last set value will be loaded.		
The number of samplings upon which the moving average must be calculated. The WEIGHT_FLOAT Register provides the mean value calculated. Permissible values: 1100. Default: 100.		
Filtered ADC value.	40062	R
Net weight value in ±30000 scale.	40063	R
Netweight value in ± 30000 scale. Equal to 0: If the WEIGHT_FLOAT (40064-65) is equal to MINOUT_FL (40052-53, value of the weight corresponding to the minimum value of the analog output). Equal to 30000: if the WEIGHT_FLOAT is equal to MAXOUT_FL (40050-51, value of the weight corrisponding to the maximum value of the analog output). Values=0 if WEIGHT_FLOAT <minout_fl. Limited: 31000331000.</minout_fl. 		
Register containing the net weight value in technical units of weight (floating point format, most significant word).	40064	R
Register containing the net weight value in	40065	R
	register. Default value: 82 (0x0052), corresponding to the Sampling Frequency: 49.95 Hz, Rejection at 60 Hz and 60 Hz: Enabled. E Sets the number of samplings of the ADC upon which the moving average will be calculated and indicates the tare value used. Notused Used Tare value (only for Modes 2 and 4): 0: the value of the tare had not never been written on the memory: at the start up the factory value will be loaded. The number of samplings upon which the moving average m ust be calculated. The WEIGHT_FLOAT Register provides the mean value calculated. The WEIGHT_FLOAT Register provides the mean value calculated. Fittered ADC value. Netweight value in ± 30000 scale. Equal to 0: if the WEIGHT_FLOAT (40064-65) is equal to MINOUT_FL (40052-53, value of the weight corresponding to the minimum value of the analog output). Equal to 30000: if the WEIGHT_FLOAT (40064-65) is enalog output). Equal to 30000: job the maximum value of the analog output). Equal to 30000: if the WEIGHT_FLOAT <minout_fl. Limited: -3100031000.</minout_fl. 	register. Default value: 82 (0x0052), corresponding to the Sampling Frequency: 49,95 Hz, Rejection at 50 Hz and 60 Hz: Enabled. 40061 upon which the moving average will be calculated and indicates the tare value used. 40061 Notused 0 Used Tare value (only for Modes 2 and 4): 0 O: the value of the tare had not never been written on the memory: at the start up the factory value will be loaded. 1 The number of samplings upon which the moving average m ust be calculated. The WEIGHT_FLOAT Register provides the mean value calculated. Permissible values: 1100. 40062 Netweight value in ±30000 scale. 40063 Requal to 0: ff the WEIGHT_FLOAT (40064-65) is equal to MINOUT FL (40052-53), value of the weight corresponding to the minimum value of the analog output). 40063 Netweight value in ±30000 scale. 40063 Requal to 30000: if the WEIGHT_FLOAT is equal to MAXOUT_FL (40052-51), value of the weight corresponding to the maximum value of the analog output). 40064 Values col type: 40064 40064 Call to 30000: if the WEIGHT_FLOAT is equal to MAXOUT_FL (40052-51), value of the enalog output). 40064 Register containing the net weight value in format, most significant word). 40064

CONFIG EDEO DEL Configuration register for acting of rejection 40000 DMM

Remote Memorizing of the Tare

The memorizing of the tare may	be perfomed ir	n the following	ways:
Action	Memorizing in Volatile Memory	Memorizing in Non- Volatile Memory	Notes
Digital Input with ON	•		-
Digital Input with ON	5	•	Only for Modes 2 or 4. Once the tare has been saved, restart the module in these modes.
Digital Input with ON	•		-
Bit in reg. STATUS or with ON Command 49594	•		-
Bit in reg. STATUS or Command 49594	•		-
Command: 49914 with ON	•	•	-
Command: 49914 with ON	•	•	-

APPENDIX A

Configuration of Sampling Frequency, Rejection.

The table below provides the values that can be set in the Modbus register CONFIG FREQ_REJ (40060) together with the corresponding sampling frequency values. It is also indicating whether rejections are enabled at 50 or 60 Hz.

Value of Register: CONFIG FREQ_REJ (40060)	Sampling Freq. (Hz)	Rejection: 50 Hz	Rejection: 60 Hz
27	151,71	NO	NO
55	74,46	NO	NO
82	49,95	YES	YES
109	37,59	NO	YES
155	50,57	NO	NO
183	24,82	YES	NO
210	16,65	YES	YES
237	12,53	NO	YES

MI001204-E

SSENECA

ENGLISH - 15/16

for stable weight (floating point format, most significant word). With the Register 40058 (ATime), it permits to establish when the weight is stable. This represents the variation in units of weight accepted for stable weight. Weight is considered stable whenever the net weight (WEIGHT_FLOAT: 40064-65) in the ∆Time has changed by a quantity < than Δ Weight. Default: 1. AWEIGHT_FLOAT_L Weight variation in technical units accepted 40057 R/W for stable weight (floating point format, least significant word). Time in units of 100 ms used to establish 40058 R/W whether or not the weight is stable. With the registers 40056-57 (\triangle Weight) establishes whether or not the weight is stable, and is expressed in units of 100 ms. Weight is considered stable whenever the net weight (WEIGHT_FLOAT: 40064-65) in the ∆Time has changed by a quantity < than ∆Weight Default Value: 1 (100 ms). RESOLUTION Sets the resolution and the shifting of the 40059 R/W DIGITAL_OUT_TYPE digital output (if selected by DIP-switch). 0: Resolution set by bit [14:8] : 24 bit Resolution If Bit 15 = 0 it sets the resolution value multiplied by 1000. Default: 30000 monopolar points. Defines the shifting of the output upon the appearance of the condition set by the Bit[6:0]: 0 : The output is normally opened and closes whenever the condition selected arises (default). 1 : The output is normally closed and opens whenever the condition selected arises. Defines the operation of the digital output and switches to ON or OFF (according to the status of Bit 7) when any of the following conditions arise: 0: The Gross Weight exceeds the Full Scale (Default setting). 1: The Weight is stable and the Net Weight exceeds the threshold set. 2: The Weight is stable. Net Weight=WEIGHT_FLOAT (40064-65).

STATUS	Status Register	40066	R/W
Bit [15:5]	Not used.		
Bit 4	Stable weight		
	1: signals that the weight is stable.		
Bit 3	Memorizing of the tare on volatile memory:		
	1 : a memorizing of the tare is required (the value		
	is valid up to the next start up of the module).		
Bit 2	Gross Weight < Memorized Tare: 1: signals that the gross weight is < Tare value		
	saved in memory.		
Bit 1	Gross Weight ≥Max Full Scale of the strain gauge:		
ыл	1 : signals that the gross weight is ≥ Maximum		
	allowed Full Scale.		
Bit 0	Alarm Status:		
	1: It signals that the net weight value has		
	exceeded the threshold and that the weight is		
	stable.		
-	Status of the Dip-switches.	40067	R
Bit 15	Indicates the status of DIP1-SW1.		
Bit 14	Indicates the status of DIP2-SW1.		
Bit 13	Indicates the status of DIP3-SW1.		
Bit 12	Indicates the status of DIP4-SW1.		
Bit 11	Indicates the status of DIP5-SW1.		
Bit 10	Indicates the status of DIP6-SW1.		
Bit 9	Indicates the status of DIP7-SW1.		
Bit 8	Indicates the status of DIP8-SW1.		
Bit 7	Indicates the status of DIP1-SW2.		
Bit 6	Indicates the status of DIP2-SW2.		
Bit 5	Indicates the status of DIP3-SW2.		
Bit 4	Indicates the status of DIP4-SW2.		
Bit 3	Indicates the status of DIP5-SW2.		
Bit 2	Indicates the status of DIP6-SW2.		
Bit 1	Indicates the status of DIP7-SW2.		
Bit 0	Indicates the status of DIP8-SW2.		
COMMAND	Commands Register.	40068	R/W
Bit [15:0]	By inserting the next codes the following actions		
	are performed: 43948 (0xABAC): Module reset.		
	49594 (0xC1BA): Save the tare in volatile		
	memory.		
	49914 (0xC2FA): Save the tare in volatile and		
	non-volatile memory.		
	50700 (0xC60C): Save the known weight in non-		
	volatile memory.		
S SENECA	N//00/00/ E	<u></u>	
I JEINEVA	MI001204-E ENGLI	SH - 1	4/16

Disposal of Electrical & Electronic Equipment (Applicable throughout the European Union and other European countries with separate collection programs)



This symbol, found on your product or on its packaging, indicates that this product should not be treated as household waste when you wish to dispose of it. Instead, it should be handed over to an applicable collection point for the recycling of electrical and electronic equipment. By ensuring this product is disposed of correctly, you will help prevent potential negative consequences to the environment and human health, which could otherwise be caused by inappropriate disposal of this product. The recycling of materials will help to conserve natural resources. For more detailed information about the recycling of this product, please contact your local city office, waste disposal service or the retail store where you purchased this product.

This document is property of SENECA srl. Duplication and reprodution are forbidden, if not authorized. Contents of the present documentation refers to products and technologies described in it. All technical data contained in the document may be modified without prior notice Content of this documentation is subject to periodical revision.



SENECA MI001204-E

ENGLISH - 16/16

S SENECA

ENGLISH - 10/16

MI001204-E ENGLISH - 12/16