

S311A-XX-L / S311A-XX-H Line

Advanced Analog Input Indicators-Integrators

4.6.8 8.11 Digits Display

1. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

• View of the front panel

• Measurement

• Programmable integration

• Analog output

• Retransmission of the integrated value by the isolated digital output (Open Collector).

• Filter programmable 20 levels to realize reading.

• Temperature measurement displayable in Fahrenheit degrees.

• Cold junction compensation of the measured instantaneous value by the isolated digital input.

• Integrator/Reset digital input, buttons pressure or Modbus register.

• 4, 6, 8, 11 Digits display.

• In case of option card use, two alarms are activable on the instantaneous input value (maximum, minimum, automatic or selectable or not).

• Alarms status is sent through two led on the front panel.

• RS-485 serial communication with MODBUS RTU protocol (by optional board), maximum 32 nodes.

• Two relay outputs (available on the optional card) for alarm signaling.

• Easy navigation on the programming menu (measured on the front panel).

• Quick configuration of the alarm thresholds by the QuickAlarms menu.

• Disturbance rejection of 50 and 60Hz.

• Discharge protection.

2. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power Supply:

Code S311A-XX-L: 90-265 Vac, 50-60 Hz, max 3 W.

Code S311A-XX-H: 90-265 Vac, 50-60 Hz, max 3.5 W.

32 nodes.

Voltage Input:

Temperature: 10...60°C, Humidity: min. 30%, max. 90% at 32 nodes.

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: 10...60°C, Humidity: min. 30%, max. 90% at 32 nodes.

• Measuring Time:

320ms.

• Resolution:

1000 points.

• Current Input:

0...20mA, Input impedance: 200Ω

• Potentiometer Input:

Thermoresistor Input

(R,D,P,T100)

• Thermocouple Input:

Thermocouple Input

• Analog Output:

Analog Output

• Digital Output:

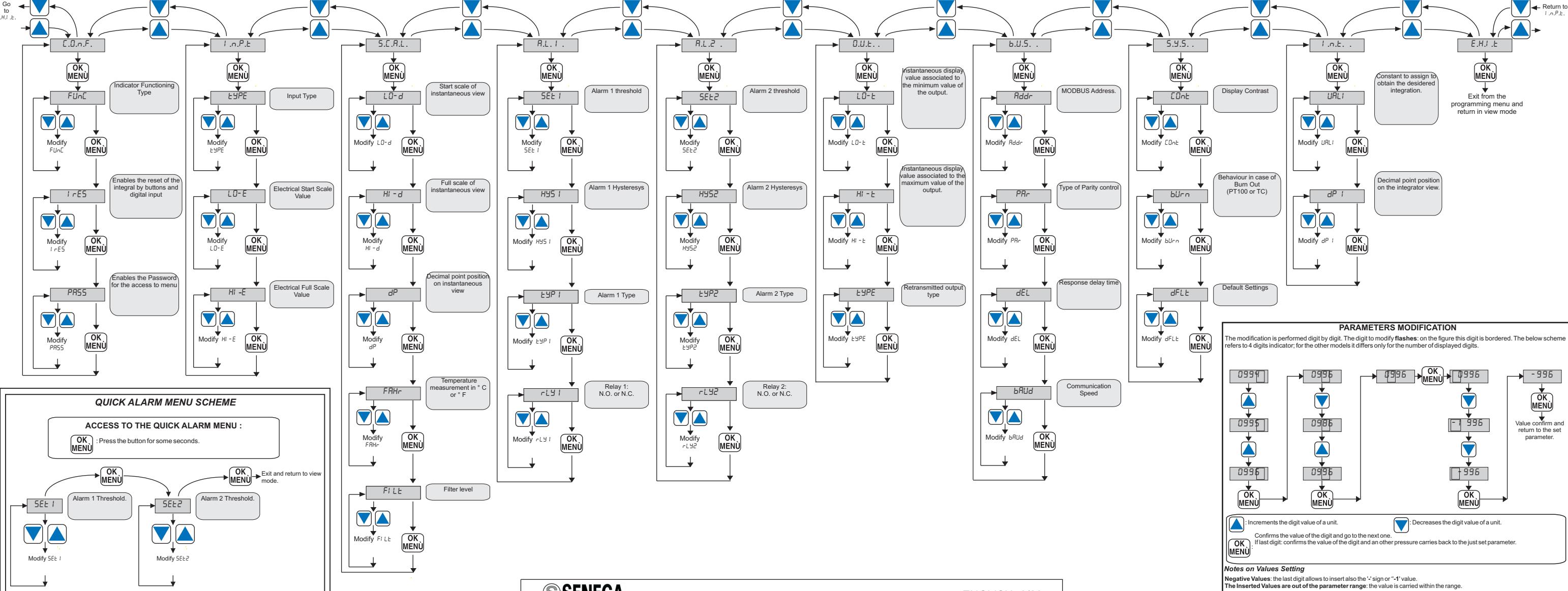
Digital Output

Type: Open Collector, max. 50 mA, Vmax: 30V

Type: Open Collector, max.



PROGRAMMING MENU SCHEME



7. SETTABLE VALUES FOR MULTIPLE CHOICE PARAMETERS

The various options for the multiple choice parameters are listed below. Default values are indicated with the * symbol.

7.1 L.D.n.F. (FUNCTIONING CONFIGURATION)

FUnC
Selects the functioning type:
0* = function of instantaneous value and integrator value view.
1 = only function of instantaneous value view.
2 = only function of integrator view.

I.rE5

Enables the reset of the integral by panel and digital input:
0* = enabled.
1 = disabled.

7.2 I.n.P.E. (ELECTRICAL INPUT)

I.sPE
Selects the input type among the following:
1 = Voltage
2* = Current
3 = Potentiometer
4 = T/C J
5 = T/C K
6 = T/C R
7 = T/C S
8 = T/C T
9 = T/C B
10 = T/C E
11 = T/C N
12 = PT100 (2 wires)
13 = PT100 (3 wires)
14 = PT100 (4 wires)

7.3 S.C.A.L. (SETTING DISPLAYED VALUE)

FRHr

Selects if the temperature will be displayed in:
0* = Celsius degrees
1 = Fahrenheit degrees.

Fl.LL

Sets the level filter. Admitted Value:
0* = no filter
1 = 20.

7.4 R.L.1., /R.L.2.. (ALARM 1 AND ALARM 2 SETTING)

I.sPE1 / I.sPE2

Selects the alarm type:
0* = Inactive Alarm
1 = Alarm on the minimum threshold
2 = Alarm on the maximum threshold
3 = Retained alarm on the minimum threshold (reset is not automatic)
4 = Retained alarm on the maximum threshold (reset is not automatic).

rLY1 / rLY2
Selects the functioning of the correspondent relay (if optional card):
0* = relay normally opened
1 = relay normally closed.

7.5 D.U.E.. (RETRANSMITTED OUTPUT SETTING)

I.sPE
Sets the type of the retransmitted output:
1 = 0...10V output
2* = 4...20 mA output
3 = 0...20 mA output
4 = integrator digital output.

7.6 b.U.S.. (RS485 SETTINGS)

Rdr
Selects the slave Modbus address. Values from 1 to 255. Default: 1.

PRr
Selects the parity control of the serial communication:

0* = None
1 = Even
2 = Odd.

dEL

Sets the response delay time. Values: 0...255. 0* = no delay, 1 = 1 pause, etc.

bRUD

Sets the Baudrate:

7.7 S.Y.S.. (SYSTEM)

CDnL
Sets the display contrast:
0* = 48000 m1 (minimum contrast)
1 = 48000
2 = 57600
3 = 120000
4 = 57600
5 = 120000
6 = 144000
7 = 24000
8 = 43200
9 = 57600
10 = 144000

1 = Full scale indication

1 = Start scale indication.

7.8 d.F.L.L. (DEFAULT SETTING)

1 = Sets the default values for all the parameters.

MI001273-E

ENGLISH -9/20

8. SETTING EXAMPLES

8.1 Modification parameters examples

We are going to illustrate an example of *Hi-d* parameter modification for a 6 digits model. In this example the digit to modify, that in the real case flashes, is bordered:

Once the parameter to modify has been selected, the set value is for example:

0 0 0 9 0 0

The pressure of the DOWN button entails:

0 0 0 9 0 9

DOWN has brought the digit to the maximum value.
Now the pressure of OK/MENU buttons entails the position shift of the digit to modify:

0 0 0 9 1 9

The pressure of the UP button entails:

0 0 0 9 1 9

that is the digit has been increased of a unit.
To set a negative value, place on the most significant digit by subsequent pressures of OK/MENU button:

0 0 0 9 1 9

By pressing the DOWN button:

-1 0 0 9 1 9

The last digit is brought to the most negative value: -1.
By pressing the DOWN button:

0 0 - 9 1 9

Now the minus sign is obtained replacing the first non-useful zero of the set value.
By pressing the OK/MENU button the set value is confirmed:

0 0 - 9 1 9

H i - d

OK MENU

Value confirm and return to the set parameter.

A further pressure of the OK/MENU button, entails the return to the voice correspondent to the just modified parameter:

H i - d

8.2 Integrator Setting examples

8.2.1 Example 1

To configure the integrator, access to *I.n.E.* submenu and set opportunely the *URL1* parameter, fundamental for the correct integration.

Let's suppose that we want to obtain in one hour an integral value equal to 5000 (Imp/h) and that the mean value displayed in one hour is equal to 6.000 (correspondent to *Hi-d* parameter value), then the value to set is:

5000/9999/6000=8332.5

Where 6000 is the value of *Hi-d* without decimal point.

So we set:

URL1 = 08333

8.2.2 Example 2: Integrator Setting for flow-rate meter

In this example we want to set the integrator for:

Display the thousands of accumulated liters.

Let's suppose that the mean instantaneous value (correspondent to *Hi-d* parameter value) displayed in one hour is: 5 liters/seconds.

Calculation of the integral value in one hour

If 5.000 liters/sec pass, in 1 hour the instrument accumulates:

Imp/h = 5 liters/sec * 3600 sec = 18000 liters = 18 thousands of liters.

Valuation of the mean value displayed in one hour (*Hi-d* value without decimal point)

If 5.000 liters/sec meanly pass, then the mean value displayed in 1 hour without decimal point is:

5000 (*Hi-d* parameter value without decimal point)

Calculation of URL1

By inserting the calculated values on the generic formula on page 8:

URL1 = 18*9999/5000=360